

*

(112)

() ()

(ANCOVA)

%10.1 %63.2
. %23.5 %63.9

:

(Head, 1982)

(Bergquist and

Heikkinen, 1990)

(Hodge, 1993)

(Schmidt,

1999; Schmidt, Baumgartner and Eybe, 2003)

(Stake and Easley, 1978)

(Osborne and

.Freyberg, 1985)

(Driver and Easley, 1978; Krishnan and Howe,

" " (2007 1994)

(Haidar and Abraham, 1991;

.de Posada, 1997)

*

.2008/9/3

2008/3/23

(Kavanaugh and Moomaw, .1981)

(Banerjee, 1991)

(Bar and Travis, 1991)

(Benson, (Barker and Millar, 1999)

(BouJaoude Wittrock and Baur, 1993)

(Griffiths and and Barakat, 2000) (Osborne and

(Ross and Munby, Preston, 1992) .Wittrock, 1983)

(Peterson, Treagust and Garnett, 1991)

.1986)

."Conceptual Change"

.(Hewson, 1981) "Schemata"

(Cros, Chastrette 400 and Fayol, 1988) (Posner, Strike, Hewson and Gertzog, 1982)

%93

%56 () %61

%43 (Hewson and .Hewson, 1984; Hewson and Thorley, 1989; Niaz, 1995)

pH %17

(Ross and Munby, 1991)

(Cros et al., 1988)

"

" 7 (pH)

" H⁺

(

(Ross and Munby, 1991)

(Demerouti, Kousathana and Tsaparlis, 2004 a,

3

b)

119

.(Open-type questions)

-

:

pH

(Driver and

Easley, 1994)

(Pinarbasi, 2007)

(Nakhleh and Krajcik, 1994)

pH

(91)

:

:

pH

/

(Posner,

Strike, Hewson and Gertzog, 1982; Hewson, 1981)

)

(Ting and Chong, 2003)

(Hynd, Mcwhorter, Phares Piaget
and Suttles,1994; Hewson and Hewson, 1983; Stofflett,
1994)

(Limon, 2003; Hewson, Beeth and Thorley,
1998)

.(Bergquist and Heikinen, 1990)

.(Uzuntiryaki, 2003; Brophy, 1986)

(Duit, 2002)

(Pintrich, Marx and Boyle, 1993)

/
/

(Hand and Treagust, 1991)

(Baser, 2006; Lee, Kown,
Park, Kim, Kown and Park, 2003; Kim, Choi and Kown,
2002; Kown,1997; Druyan, 1997; Niaz, 1995; Thorley
.and Treagust, 1989; Hashweh, 1986)
(Baser, 2006)

16

) :

(82)

.(

()

(42 =)

(40 =)

(1993)

/

(Kown, (Lee et al., 2003)

1997)

(Kown and Lee, 1997)

(%50)

.(/) (0.01 >)

(Cakir, Uzuntiryaki and Geban, 2002)

: (110)

: .()
-1)

-2 (

(Akar, 2005)

5E's

: -1

(56)

-2

5E's

) .(

-3

.5E's

: (4E's)

-1

(2007)

Traditional Method ()

() ()

/

-2

2007/2006

Misconceptions

(112)

Conceptual Change

()

Conceptual Conflict

:

:

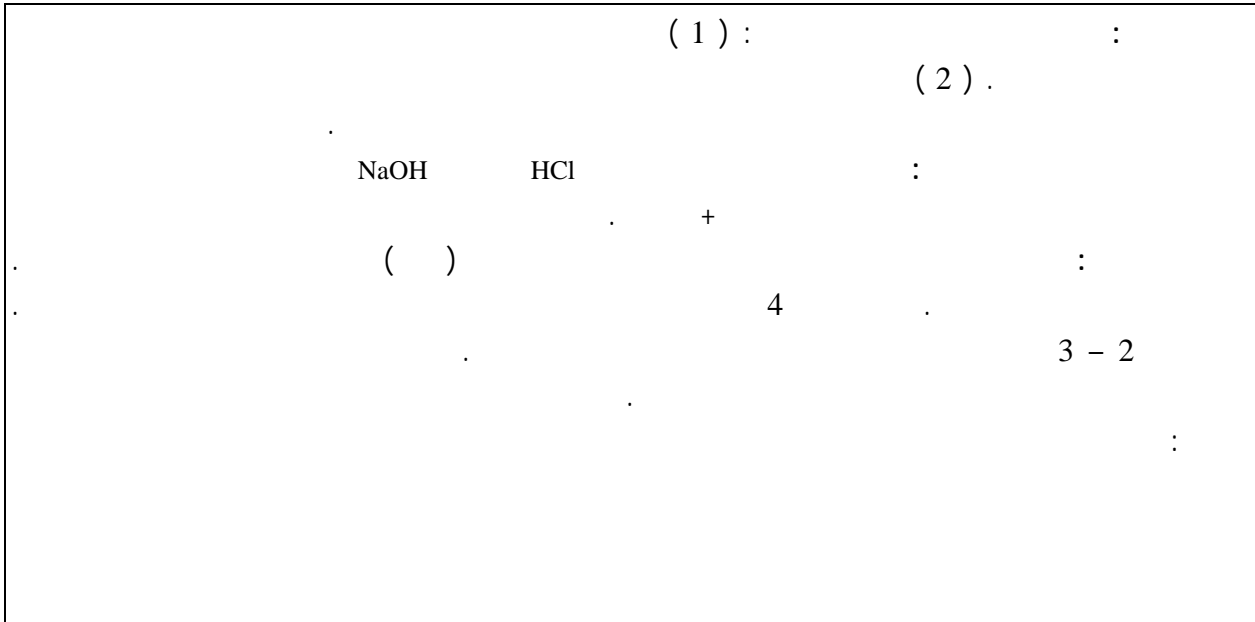
(Posner, Strike, Hewson

and Gertzog, 1982)

(45)

Achievement

(1) : (2006) 2007/2006
 (3) . (2) . (2007) (1)



				HCl
				NaOH

(1)

-
-
-

(45)

-
-
-

:

-1

(2006)

-2

-3

-

(17)

-4

-5

$5^3 /$

2

$/$ 3

(5 - 4)

-6

40

(0.92)

(KR20) 20

pH

" "

" " ...

.%10.1 %21.4 %0.0
 " " %10.7
 .%23.5 %57.1

(Tsai, 1999;

.Guzzetti, Snyder and Gamas,1993)

" "

pH

(1)

1.74	13.41	1.9	8.18	56	
1.8	11.45	1.86	8.14	56	

.17 =

(2)

()	()				
0.000	*39.963	92.123	1	92.123	
0.000	*46.036	106.123	1	106.123	
		2.305	109	251.269	
			111	451.429	

"

" ...

%58.9

%55.4

.(Songer and Mintzes, 1994)

(3)

21.4	12	58.9	33	16.1	9	66.1	37	
21.4	12	51.8	29	8.9	5	46.4	26	
25.0	14	42.9	24	0.0	0	39.3	22	pH
28.6	16	51.8	29	0.0	0	55.4	31	pH
17.9	10	78.6	44	14.3	8	75.0	42	pH
23.2	13	50.0	28	16.1	9	44.6	25	
14.3	8	55.4	31	0.0	0	58.9	33	...
30.4	17	89.3	50	19.6	11	92.9	52	
25.0	14	64.3	36	12.5	7	67.9	38	pH
16.1	9	67.9	38	12.5	7	64.3	36	
57.1	32	67.9	38	21.4	12	64.3	36	H ⁺ OH ⁻
19.6	11	69.6	39	14.3	8	67.9	38	
17.9	10	60.7	34	0.0	0	60.7	34	
21.4	12	50.0	28	10.7	6	42.9	24	
21.4	12	66.1	37	16.1	9	73.2	41	pH
10.7	6	78.6	44	8.9	5	76.8	43	
28.6	16	82.1	46	0.0	0	78.6	44	
23.5		63.9		10.1		63.2		

%14.3

(Ross and Munby, 1991)

%21.4 " "
%57.1

OH⁻ H₃O⁺ "
/ 7-10
"

()

(Nakhleh (Dry lab)

and Krajcik, 1994)

%19.6 " "
%30.4

2005
()

1993

2006

2007

2007

- year university students of the constituents of matter and the notions of acids and bases. *European Journal of Science Education*, 8: 305-313.
- Demerouti, M., Kousathana, M. and Tsaparlis, G. 2004 a. Acid-base equilibria, Part I. Upper secondary students. Misconceptions and difficulties. *The Chemical Educator*, 9: 122-131.
- Demerouti, M., Kousathana, M. and Tsaparlis, G. 2004b. Acid-base equilibria, Part II. Effect of developmental level and disembedding ability on students. Conceptual understanding and problem-solving ability. *The Chemical Educator*, 9: 132-137.
- de Posada, J.M. 1997. Conceptions of high school students concerning the internal structure of metals and their electric conduction: structure and evolution. *Science Education*, 81: 445-467.
- Driver, R. and Easley, J. 1994. Pupils and paradigms: a review of literature related to concept development in adolescent science students. *Studies in Science Education*, 5: 61-84.
- Druyan, S. 1997. Effect of kinesthetic conflict on promoting scientific reasoning. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 34: 1083-1099.
- Duit, R. 2002. *Conceptual Change-Still a Powerful Frame for Improving Science Teaching and Learning?* Paper presented in the third symposium on conceptual change, June 26-28, Turku, Finland.
- Griffiths, A.K. and Preston, K.R. 1992. Grade-12 students' misconceptions relating to fundamental characteristics of atoms and molecules. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 29: 611-628.
- Guzzetti, B.L., Snyder, T.E. and Gamas, W.S. 1993. Promoting conceptual change in science. A comparative meta-analysis of instructional interventions from reading education and science education. *Reading Research, Quarterly*, 28: 117-155.
- Haidar, A.H. and Abraham, M.R. 1991. A comparison of applied and theoretical knowledge of concepts based on the particulate nature of matter. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 29: 277-299.
- Hand, B. and Treagust, D.F. 1991. Student Achievement and Science Curriculum Development Using a Constructivist Framework. *School Science and Mathematics*, 91: 172-176.
- Hashweh, M. 1986. Towards an explanation of conceptual change. *European Journal of Science Education*, 8: 229-249.
- Akar, E. 2005. *Effectiveness of 5E Learning Cycle Model on Students' Understanding of Acid-Base Concepts*. Unpublished MS Thesis, METU, Ankara, Turkey.
- Ayas, A. and Demircioglu, G. 2002. *Student Teachers' Understanding and Misconceptions of Acids, Bases and Salts in Chemistry*. First International Education Conference, Changing Times, Changing Needs, Eastern Mediterranean University, May 8-10, 2002, Gazimagusa, North Cyprus.
- Banerjee, A. 1991. Misconceptions of students and teachers in chemical equilibrium. *International Journal of Science Education*, 13: 355-362.
- Barker, V. and Millar, R. 1999. Students' reasoning about chemical reactions: what changes occur during a context-based post-16 chemistry course? *International Journal of Science Education*, 21: 645-665.
- Baser, N. 2006. Fostering conceptual change by cognitive conflict based instruction on students' understanding of heat and temperature concepts. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology*, 2: 96-114.
- Benson, D.L., Wittrock, M.C. and Baur, M.E. 1993. Students' preconceptions of the nature of gases. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 30: 587-597.
- Bergquist, W. and Heikkinen, H. 1990. Student ideas regarding chemical equilibrium, *Journal of Chemical Education*, 67: 1000-1003.
- BouJaoude, S.B. and Barakat, H. 2000. Secondary school students' difficulties with stoichiometry. *School Science Review*, 81: 91-98.
- Brophy, J. 1986. Teacher effects research and teacher quality. *Journal of Classroom Interaction*, 22: 14Y23.
- Cakir, O., Uzuntiryaki, E. and Geban, O. 2002. *Contribution of Conceptual Change Texts and Concept Mapping to Students' Understanding of Acids and Bases*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the National Association for Research in Science Teaching, New Orleans, LA.
- Campbell, D.T. and Stanley, J.C. 1963. *Experimental and Quasi-experimental Designs for Research on Teaching*. Handbook of Research on Teaching, Chicago: McNally College Publishing Company.
- Cros, D., Chastrette, M. and Fayol, M. 1988. Conceptions of second year university students of some fundamental notions in chemistry. *International Journal of Science Education*, 10: 331-336.
- Cros, D., Maurin, M., Amouroux, R., Chastrette, M., Leber, J. and Fayol, M. 1986. Conceptions of first-

- Park, H.K. 2003. Development of an instrument for measuring cognitive conflict in secondary-level science classes. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 40: 585-603.
- Limon, M. 2001. On the cognitive conflict as an instructional strategy for conceptual change: a critical appraisal. *Learning and Instruction*, 11: 357-380.
- Nakhleh, M.B. and Krajcik, J.S. 1994. Influence of levels of information as presented by different technologies on students' understanding of acid, base and pH concepts. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 34: 1077-1096.
- Niaz, M. 1995. Relationship between student performance on conceptual and computational problems of chemical equilibrium, *International Journal of Science Education*, 17: 343-355.
- Osborne, R. and Freyberg, P. 1985. *Learning in Science: The Implication of Children's Science*. London: Heinemann.
- Osborne, R.J. and Wittrock, M.C. 1983. Learning science: a generative process. *Science Education*, 67: 489-508.
- Peterson, R., Treagust, D. and Garnett, P. 1986. Identification of secondary students' misconceptions of covalent bonding and structure concepts using a diagnostic instrument. *Research in Science Education*, 16: 40 - 48.
- Pinarbasi, T. 2007. Turkish undergraduate students' misconceptions on acids and bases. *Journal of Baltic Science Education*, 6: 23-33.
- Pintrich, P.R., Marx, R.W. and Boyle, R.A. 1993. The role of the motivational beliefs and classroom contextual factors in the process of conceptual change. *Review of Educational Research*, 6: 167-199.
- Posner, G.J., Strike, K.A., Hewson, P.W. and Gertzog, W.A. 1982. Accommodation of a scientific conception: toward of conceptual change, *Science Education*, 66: 211-227.
- Ross, B. and Munby, H. 1991. Concept mapping and misconceptions: a study of high school students' understandings of acids and bases. *International Journal of Science Education*, 13: 11-23.
- Schmidt, H.J. 1999. Should chemistry lessons be more intellectually challenging? *Chemistry Education: Research and Practice in Europe*, 1: 17-26.
- Schmidt, H.J., Baumgartner, T. and Eybe, H. 2003. Changing ideas about the periodic table of elements
- Head, J. 1982. What can psychology contribute to science education? *School Science Review*, 63: 631-641.
- Hewson, P. 1981. A conceptual change approach to learning science. *European Journal of Science Education*, 31: 933-946.
- Hewson, P., Beeth, M. and Thorley, N.R. 1998. Teaching conceptual change. In: B.J. Frasier and Tobin (Eds), *International handbook of science education*. London: Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- Hewson, P. and Hewson, M. 1984. The role of conceptual conflict in conceptual change and the design of science education. *Instructional Science*, 13: 1-13.
- Hewson, P. and Hewson, M. 1983. Effect of instruction using students prior knowledge and conceptual change strategies on science learning. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 20: 731-743.
- Hewson, P.W. and Thorley, N.R. 1989. The conditions of conceptual change in the classroom. *International Journal of Science Education*, 11: 541-553.
- Hodge, R. 1993. *Teaching as Communication*, Longman, Harlow.
- Hynd, C.R., Mcwhorter, J.Y., Phares, V.L. and Suttles, C.W. 1994. The role of instruction in conceptual change in high school physics topics. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 31: 933-946.
- Kavanaugh, R.H. and Moomaw, W.R. 1981. Including formal thought in introductory chemistry student, *Journal of Chemical Education*, 58: 263-265.
- Kim, J., Choi, H. and Kwon, J. 2002. *Students' Cognitive Conflict by Provided Quantitative Demonstration and Qualitative Demonstration*. Poster presented in Physics Education Research Conference (PERC) August 7-8, 2002-Boise, ID.
- Krishnan, S.R. and Howe, A.C. 1994. The mole concept: developing on instrument to assess conceptual understanding. *Journal of Chemical Education*, 71: 653-655.
- Kwon, J. 1997. *The Necessity of Cognitive Conflict Strategy in Science Teaching*. A paper presented at the International Conference of Science Education, May 26-30, 1997, Seoul, Korea.
- Kwon, J.S. and Lee, Y.J. 1990. *The Effect of Cognitive Conflict on Students' Conceptual Change in Physics*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the National Association for Research in Science Teaching (Boston, March, 1990).
- Lee, G., Kwon, J., Park, S.S., Kim, J.W., Kwon, H.G. and

- in physics. *International Journal of Science Education*, 9: 203-216.
- Ting, C.Y. and Chong, Y.K. 2003. *Enhancing Conceptual Change Through Cognitive Tools: An Animated Pedagogical Agent Approach*, icalt, p. 314, Third IEEE International Conference on Advanced Learning Technologies (ICALT'03), 2003.
- Tsai, C.C. 1999. Overcoming junior high school students' misconceptions about microscopic views of phase change: a study of an analogy activity. *Journal of Science Education and Technology*, 8: 83-91.
- Uzuntiryaki, E. 2003. *Constructivist Approach: Removing Misconceptions About Chemical Bonding*. Paper presented at the annual meeting of the National Association for Research in Science Teaching (Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 23Y26).
- and students' alternative concepts of isotopes and allotropes. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 31: 621-637.
- Songer, C.J. and Mintzes, J.J. 1994. Understanding cellular respiration: An analysis of conceptual change in college biology. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 31: 638-680.
- Stake, R.E. and Easley, J.A. 1978. *Case Studies in Science Education*. Urbana, IL: University of Illinois, Center for Instruction Research and Curricular Evaluation.
- Stofflett, R.T. 1994. The accommodation of science pedagogical knowledge: the application of conceptual change constructs to teacher education. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*, 31: 787-810.
- Thorley, N.R. and Treagust, D.F. 1987. Conflict within dyadic interaction as stimulant for conceptual change

The Effect of Conceptual Conflict Based Instruction on Achievement and Bringing about Conceptual Change of Acid-Base Concepts of the Ninth Grade Students

*Salem A. Alkhaldeh and Mustafa H. Mustafa**

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study was to investigate the effect of the conceptual conflict method on achievement and bringing about conceptual change of acid-base concepts of the ninth grade students compared with the traditional method. The sample of the study consisted of 112 students in four classes. The classes were distributed randomly to form the experimental group (two classes) and the control group (two classes). While the experimental group received conceptual conflict based instruction, the control group was taught by traditionally designed chemistry instruction. All students were administered the acids and bases concept pre-test and post-test.

A pretest-posttest control group design utilizing analysis of covariance (ANCOVA) showed a statistically significant difference between the experimental and the control groups in the favor of the experimental group after treatment.

The results indicated that while the average percentage of students in the experimental group holding misconceptions has decreased from 63.2% to 10.1%, the percentage of misconceptions of the students in the control group has decreased from 63.9% to 23.5%.

Keywords: Misconceptions, Conceptual change, Conceptual conflict, Chemical activities, Acids and bases.

* Faculty of Educational Sciences, Department of Curricula and Instructions, Al al-Bayt University; and Mafraq Educational District, Mafraq, Jordan. Received on 23/3/2008 and Accepted for Publication on 3/9/2008.