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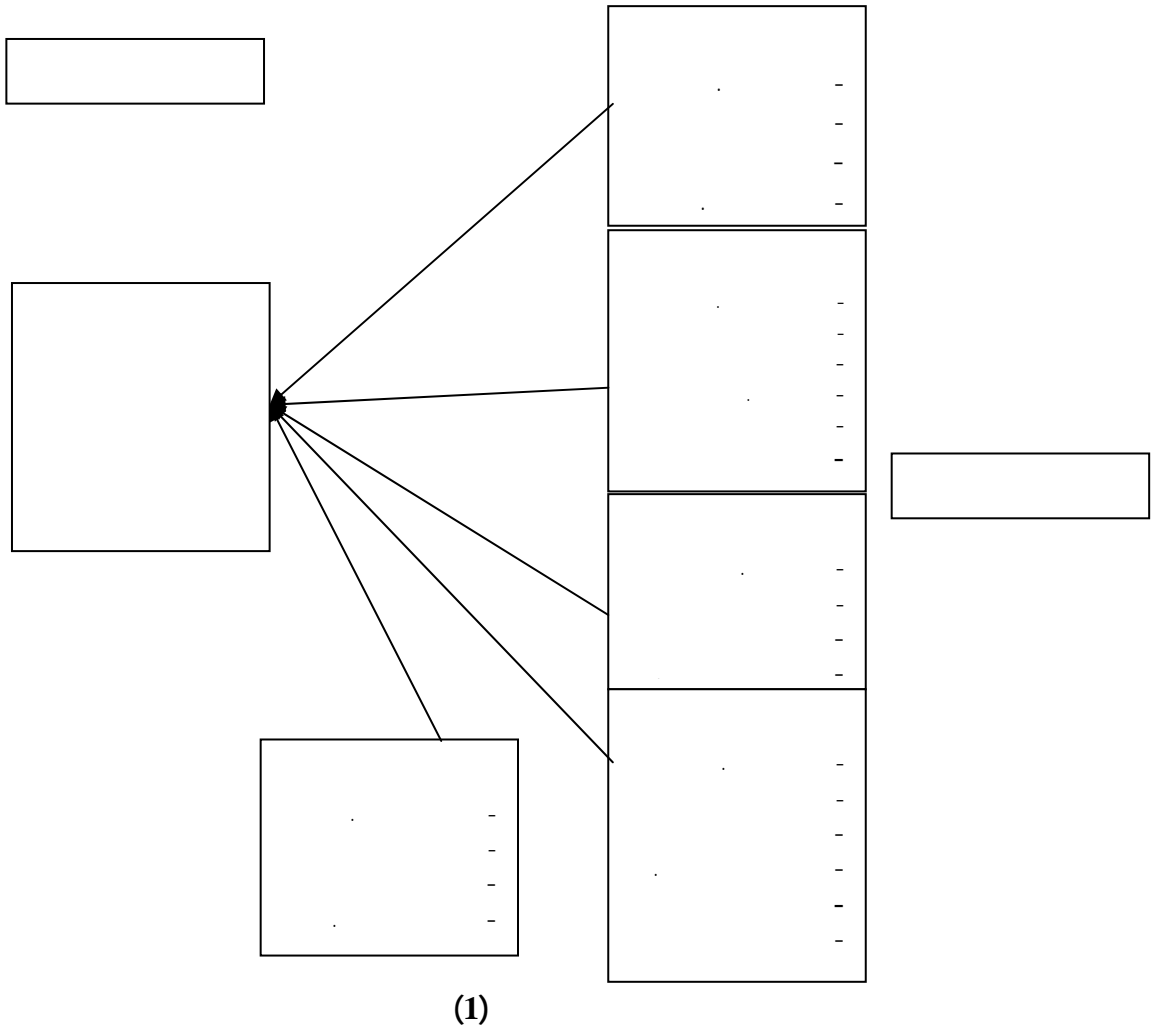
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	(%61.1)		(189)	
	(%17.7)	(39)	(27)	
(%7.8)	(%9.9)	(56)	(38) /	
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		(74)	(91)	

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66.6	289		
33.4	145		
21.4	93		
78.6	341		
14.5	63	5	
20.5	89	10-6	
37.3	162	15-11	
27.6	120	16	
14.3	62		
62.2	270		
23.5	102		
9.9	43	30	
45.9	199	40-31	
32.5	141	50-41	
11.8	51	51	
3.5	15		
7.8	34		
9.9	43		
17.7	77		
61.1	265		

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(Stepwise Multiple Regression Analysis) .3 (46-45)
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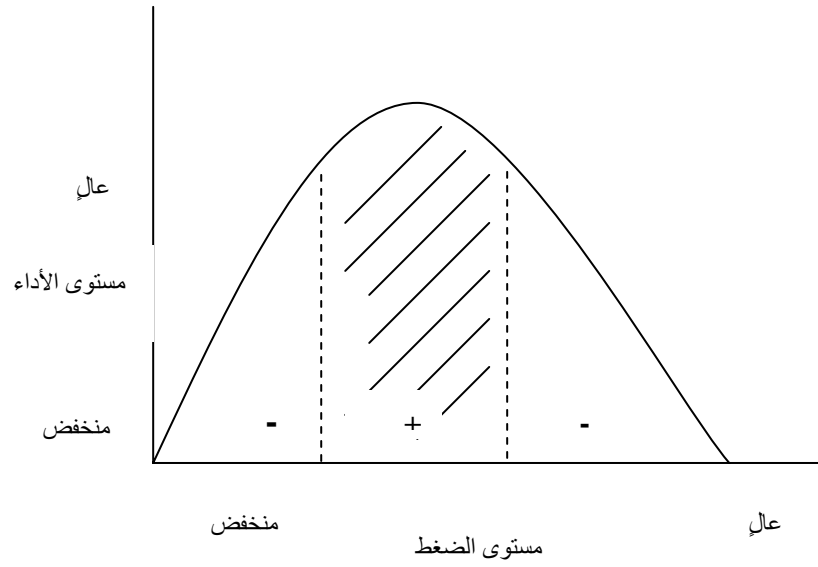
(141-140 :1995

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(Gibson, Ivancevich and Donnelly, 1994:266)

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(Kreitner and Kinicki, 1992:598-600)

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(Chiu, et, al, 2005: 837-855)

(David, et, al, 2005:

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(Muhammad,2005, 129-137)

(Davis (270 :2003)

.and Newstram, 1989:5)

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(Tyson and Jakson, 1992:147)

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(Wong, and Cheuk: 2006:183-196)

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(Van Veleth oven, et, al, 2002)

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	1	0.55	3.82	
	3	0.43	3.47	
	4	0.51	3.45	
	5	0.59	3.34	
	2	0.60	3.74	
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	3	0.95	4.06	
	1	0.80	4.16	
	4	0.89	3.47	
	2	0.84	4.11	
	4	0.66	3.31	
	-	0.55	3.82	

(5)

	2	1.00	3.65	
	1	0.70	3.69	
	6	0.96	2.99	
	5	0.98	3.44	
	4	0.94	3.48	
	3	1.01	3.55	
	-	0.43	3.47	

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(3.66) () (6)
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	3	0.88	3.39	
	1	0.85	3.87	
	2	0.70	3.66	
	4	0.67	2.88	
	-	0.51	3.45	

(7)

	5	0.99	3.28	
	2	0.84	3.66	
	4	0.87	3.39	
	7	0.81	2.79	
	1	0.77	3.81	
	3	0.87	3.56	
	6	0.89	2.89	
	-	0.59	3.34	

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(0.77) (3.81) (3.34) ()
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(0.98) (3.89)) (3.66) ((0.84)

(3.83) ((0.88)) (3.56) ((0.87))

((0.96)) (3.66) ((0.81)) (2.79)

((0.94)) (3.59) ((8))

: (0.60) (3.74)

.5

(8)

	1	0.98	3.89	
	4	0.94	3.59	
	2	0.88	3.83	
	3	0.96	3.66	
	-	0.60	3.74	

(9)

	5	0.94	4.03		.51
	3	0.89	4.19		.52
	1	0.93	4.31	()	.53
	7	1.04	3.98		.54
	4	0.95	4.12		.55
	6	1.02	4.02		.56
	9	0.99	3.77		.57
	2	0.97	4.26		.58
	8	0.91	3.95		.59
	11	0.98	3.52		.60
	10	0.97	3.61		.61
	-	0.70	3.98		57-48

(10)

	:	
0.000	0.709	
0.000	0.655	
0.000	0.5	
0.000	0.760	
0.001	0.744	
0.000	0.701	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

:

(9)

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($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

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: (0.760)
 ($\alpha \leq 0.05$) (0.744)
) (0.709)
 ((0.655)
 (Analysis (0.50)
 Of Variance)

(11)

(Analysis Of Variance)

F	F				
0.000	86.65	12.291	61.456	5	
		0.142	60.708	428	
			122.165	433	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

.0503 = (R²) **

(12)

t	t	Beta		B	
0.000	*4.395-	0.248-	0.025	0.112	
0.000	*7.239-	0.407-	0.025	0.183	
0.000	*6.386-	0.237-	0.018	0.115	
0.000	*3.677-	0.135-	0.019	0.071	
0.000	*4.458-	-0.157	0.013	0.058	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

(11)

(t) (Beta) (12) (F)

(86.65)

(428 5)

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

(

-)

(Beta)

(%50.3)

(

(0.157- 0.135- 0.237- 0.407- 0.248

-)

(t)

(4.458- 3.677- 6.386- 7.239- 4.395

.($\leq \alpha 0.05$)

(
 (13))
 (%33.5) ()
 (%44.2)
 (%46.5) (4)
 (%48.7) Stepwise
 (%50.3) Multiple Regression
)

(13)
 "Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*F	F	R ²	
0.000	217.68	0.335	
0.000	170.62	0.442	
0.000	124.50	0.465	
0.000	101.96	0.487	
0.000	86.65	0.503	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

(14)

(Analysis Of Variance)

F	F				
0.000	53.719	8.758	52.549	6	
		0.163	69.616	427	
			122.165	433	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

.0.43 = (R²) **

(F) :

(53.719) ($\leq \alpha 0.05$)

($\alpha \leq 0.05$))

()

(%40.8)

(14)

(15)

t	t	Beta		B	
0.023	*2.276-	0.085-	0.015	0.034-	
0.000	*9.324-	0.385-	0.018	0.169-	
0.000	*4.427-	0.180-	0.018	0.079-	
0.379	**0.881-	0.037-	0.020	0.017-	
0.114	**1.465-	0.054-	0.015	0.023-	
0.000	*7.444-	0.313-	0.019	0.143-	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

*

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

**

(16)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*F	F	R ²	
0.000	*179.61	0.294	
0.000	*136.54	0.388	
0.000	*103.69	0.427	

.(0.01 = α)

*

(

(t)

(Beta)

(15)

(

)

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(

(5)

(Beta)

(0.313- 0.180- 0.385- 0.085-)

(t)

Stepwise

(7.444- 4.427- 9.324- 2.276-)

Multiple Regression

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

)

)

(

(t)

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

(
(16)

(%29.4)

)

)
 .(
 : (%38.8)
 ($\alpha \leq 0.05$)
) (%42.7)
 (

(17)

(Analysis Of Variance)

F	F				
0.000	35.83	7.648	30.594	4	
		0.213	91.571	429	
			122.165	433	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

*

.025 = (R²)

(18)

t	t	Beta		B	
0.000	*8.827-	0.382-	0.019	0.164-	
0.001	*3.491-	0.153-	0.021	0.075-	
0.000	*3.589-	0.151-	0.019	0.069-	
0.001	*3.301-	0.139-	0.021	0.068-	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

*

(t) (0.139- 0.151- 0.153 (17)
 - 8.827-) (F)
 (3.301- 3.589- 3.491 (8.539)
 .($\alpha \leq 0.05$) ($\alpha \leq 0.05$)
 ((%25))
) ()
 (

(6)

Stepwise

Multiple Regression

(t) (Beta) (18)

) - 0.382-) (Beta)

(%21.1) ((19)
 (%22.9) (%18.6)
 (%25)

(19)
"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*F	F	R²	
0.000	*98.67	0.186	
0.000	*57.53	0.211	
0.000	*42.60	0.229	
0.000	*35.83	0.25	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

(20)
(Analysis Of Variance)

F	F				
0.000	*83.25	10.082	70.575	7	
		0.121	51.590	426	
			122.165	433	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

.0578 = (R²)

(21)

t	t	Beta		B	
0.000	*6.273-	0.231-	0.016	1.09-	
0.145	**1.461-	0.058-	0.017	0.025-	
0.000	*5.351-	0.214-	0.018	0.097-	
0.407	**0.829-	0.038-	0.022	0.018-	
0.000	*3.788-	0.169-	0.020	0.074-	
0.000	*5.614-	0.207-	0.017	0.096-	
0.000	*5.013-	0.191-	0.018	0.090-	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

) :

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

() (F) (20) (83.25) ($\leq \alpha 0.05$)
 (7) (%57.8)
 Stepwise Multiple Regression
 (21) (t) (Beta)
 (21) (Beta)
 (%32.7) (0.191- 0.207- 0.169- 0.214- 0.231-)
 (%44) (5.013- 5.614- 3.788- 5.351- 6.273-)
 (%50.1) (. $\alpha \leq 0.05$) (21)
 (%54.7) (t)
 (%57.4) (. $\alpha \leq 0.05$) (t)

(22)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*F	F	R2	
0.000	210.23	0.327	
0.000	169.62	0.440	
0.000	143.99	0.501	
0.000	129.77	0.547	
0.000	115.49	0.574	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

*

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

(23)

(Analysis Of Variance)

F	F				
0.000	*133.10	16.913	67.652	4	
		0.127	54.513	429	
			122.165	433	

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

.0554 = (R²)

(24)

t	t	Beta		B	
0.001	*3.306-	0.130-	0.016	0.053	
0.000	*5.232-	0.201-	0.016	0.083	
0.000	*9.336-	0.351-	0.014	0.127	
0.000	*8.369-	0.333-	0.014	0.121	

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

(23)

(133.10)

(F)

($\alpha \leq 0.05$)

(

(

(%55.4)

(9)

(8)

Stepwise

Multiple Regression

(t)

(Beta)

(24)

(25)

0.201- 0.130-

(Beta)

(%37.9)

(t) (0.333- 0.351-
- 5.232- 3.306-)

(8.369- 9.336

(%55.4) (%48.2) (%54.2)

(25)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*F	F	R ²	
0.000	*263.07	0.379	
0.000	*200.31	0.482	
0.000	*169.90	0.542	
0.000	*133.10	0.554	

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) *

(26)

(One Way ANOVA)

(F)	(F)					
0.462	0.542	0.153 0.282	0.153 122.012	(432 1)		
0.572	0.599	0.158 0.283	0.316 121.849	(431 2)		
0.550	0.704	0.199 0.283	0.597 121.568	(430 3)		
0.617	0.597	0.169 0.283	0.507 121.658	(430 3)		
0.083	3.013	0.846 0.284	0.846 121.319	(432 1)		
0.897	0.271	0.077 0.284	0.308 121.857	(429 4)		

.($\alpha \leq 0.05$) (F) *

) : ($\leq \alpha 0.05$))

.(One Way ANOVA)

((26)

		.7)				
(%25)	((F)		.(
.()				(0.271 3.013 0.597 0.704 0.599 0.542)	(F)	
		.8			(0.599)	:	(F)
()		(3.013)			(0.597)	(0.704)
					.(0.542)	(0.271)	
	(% 57.8)					.7	
		.9					.1
	($\alpha \leq 0.05$)					.(3.56)	
(%55.4)	(.2
		.10					
($\alpha \leq 0.05$)						.(3.34) (3.82)	
)						.3
.(
:					.(3.34) (3.45) (3.47)		
		-1					.4
							.(3.98)
							.5
)
		-2	(
			($\alpha \leq 0.05$)				
			(%50.3)				
			.() .	
							.6
)
		-3	(
						(%40.8)	
						.()

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2005 .46-1 (1)

(17) .352-328 (2) (23) 2002

.315-279 (2)

1997 .37-1 (1) (22) 1988

.(5) .187-186 (2)

1995 .68-35 :

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2004 .121-70 (1) (18) 2004

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.271-270 4 2002

2002

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The Effect of the Sources of Job Stress on the Employee Performance level: A Field Study in the Public Sector Institutions in Al- Karak Governorate / Jordan

*Khaled Y. Al-Zo'bi**

ABSTRACT

This Study aimed at investigating the effect of the sources of job stress on the employee performance in the public sector in Al-Karak governorate in Jordan. A questionnaire of (61) items was designed and distributed to employees. The Sample represented 50% of the population of the study. The number of the respondents was (434) which represented 78.05%.

Descriptive statistics which includes (percentages, means, and the standard deviation) was used to describe the sample the multiple regression analysis was used to test the effect of the independent variable on the dependant variable. One way Anova was also used to test the differences of employees perception of sources of job stress that are due to individual differences.

The study arrived at the following findings:

1. The level of job stress that the respondents are exposed to is relatively high with a mean score of (3.56).
2. The level of government employee's performance is high with a mean score of (7.98).
3. There is a significant statistical effect (at level of $\alpha \leq 0.05$) of the sources of job stress related to individuals (Self concept, abilities, skills, mental and physical status, personality type, and personal conflict) on the level of employee's performance.
4. There is a significant statistical effect (at level of $\alpha \leq 0.05$) of the sources of job stress related to the organizations (organizational structure, wages and incentives, organizational policies, and decision making process) on the level of employees' performance.
5. There is a significant statistical effect (at level of $\alpha \leq 0.05$) of the sources of job stress related to surrounding environment (noise, illumination, temperature, and occupational and security) on the level of employees performance).
6. There is a significant statistical effect (at level of $\alpha \leq 0.05$) of social sources of job stress (Family problems, friends and relatives, mutual relationship, and social relationship) on the level of employees performance.
7. In the employees' perception of the sources of job stress, there are no significant statistical differences related to personal variables.

The study recommended that the sources of job stress related to individuals should be decreased by developing and varying training programs. Employees should differentiate between their jobs and their social relationship with relatives and friends. The study also recommended that high sources of job stress related the position (job) should be decreased by the fulfillment of the interests, and their involvement in the decision making process.

Keywords: Sources of Job Stress, Employee Performance.

* Faculty of Business Administration, Sohar University, Oman. Received on 26/4/2007 and Accepted for Publication on 5/2/2008.